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To: Chair & Members of the Climate Change
Communities Scrutiny Committee

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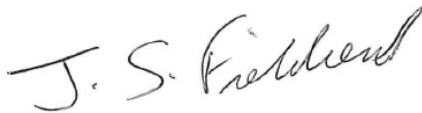
Monday 18th March 2024

Dear Councillor

**CLIMATE CHANGE AND COMMUNITIES SCRUTINY COMMITTEE – TUESDAY
26TH MARCH 2024 AT 10:00 HOURS**

I refer to your recently circulated agenda for the above meeting and now enclose updated reports for Items 9 and 11.

Yours faithfully



Solicitor to the Council & Monitoring Officer



We speak your language
Polish **Mówimy Twoim językiem**
Slovak **Rozprávame Vaším jazykom**
Chinese **我们会说你的语言**

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CLIMATE CHANGE AND COMMUNITIES SCRUTINY COMMITTEE

Tuesday 26th March 2024 at 10:00 in the Council Chamber, The Arc, Clowne

Item No.	PART 1 – OPEN ITEMS	Page No.(s)
9.	Annual Review of the Bolsover Community Safety Partnership	3 - 46
	PART 2 – RESTRICTED ITEMS	
11.	Annual Review of the Bolsover Community Safety Partnership	47 - 75



Bolsover District Council

Meeting of the Climate Change & Communities Scrutiny Committee on 26th March 2024

Annual Review of the Bolsover Community Safety Partnership

Report of the Scrutiny Officer

Classification	This report is Public
Contact Officer	Thomas Dunne-Wragg, Scrutiny Officer

PURPOSE/SUMMARY OF REPORT

- To clarify the areas of enquiry for the 2023/24 review of the Bolsover Community Safety Partnership (CSP).
- To provide members with the necessary background information in support of the review.

REPORT DETAILS

1. Background

- 1.1 This report and its appendices provides the necessary background information for committee when completing their Annual Review of the Community Safety Partnership.
- 1.2 Section 19 of the Police and Justice Act requires every local authority to have a Crime and Disorder Committee with the power to review or scrutinise decisions made or other action taken in connection with the discharge by the responsible authorities of their crime and disorder functions. (Responsible authorities are effectively the statutory partners within a community safety partnership i.e. Police, local authorities (county and district), Fire and Rescue Authority, Probation Trusts and the local Integrated Care Board.)

2. Details of Proposal or Information

- 2.1 The Committee was consulted prior to the review to establish current issues and key lines of enquiry. Relevant officers were also approached prior to the review to ensure Members were fully briefed on current developments and service delivery during the pandemic.
- 2.2 Due to the sensitivity of some of the information being presented to Members, this item will be split across the Public and Exempt sessions of the meeting. The first part of the review will take place under item 8 of the agenda with the remaining elements of the review falling under item 11 in exempt session.
- 2.3 Appendices attached are as follows:

Public documents attached to this report:

- Appendix 1 CSP Background and current delivery
- Appendix 2 Bolsover CSP Plan

2.4 Partners in attendance include:

- Cllr Clive Moesby, Portfolio Holder for Community Safety and Chair of the CSP
- Steve Brunt, Strategic Director of Services, Bolsover District Council
- Victoria Dawson, Assistant Director of Housing Management and Enforcement, Bolsover District Council
- Deborah Whallett, Housing Services Manager, Bolsover District Council
- Matt Liddy, Community Safety and Enforcement Manager
- Mark Seston, Community Safety Officer
- Sergeant Martyn Whyte, North East SNT Derbyshire Constabulary

3. Reasons for Recommendation

- 3.1 Completion of the Annual Review of the CSP is required by legislation and this area falls within the remit of the Climate Change & Communities Scrutiny Committee.

4 Alternative Options and Reasons for Rejection

- 4.1 The Committee is required by legislation to scrutinise the CSP. As such there is no alternative but to complete this review in order to comply, as detailed within this report.

RECOMMENDATION(S)

1. That Members review the supporting documents to refresh their knowledge of current delivery.
2. That following briefings by the officers present, Members scrutinise current and planned delivery of the CSP, making recommendations where required, in accordance with Part 3.6(7) of the Constitution.

IMPLICATIONS:

Finance and Risk: Yes No

Details:

The Authority has a duty under s.17 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 (as amended by subsequent legislation) to consider crime and disorder implications. Failure to comply with this duty would breach the legislation and leave the authority at risk of challenge.

On behalf of the Section 151 Officer

Legal (including Data Protection): Yes No

Details:

In carrying out scrutiny reviews the Council is exercising its scrutiny powers as laid out in Part 1A, s9F(2) of the Local Government Act 2000.

Section 19 of the Police and Justice Act 2006 requires every local authority to have a Crime and Disorder Committee with the power to review or scrutinise decisions made or other action taken in connection with the discharge by the responsible authorities of their crime and disorder functions. (Responsible authorities are effectively the statutory partners within a community safety partnership i.e. Police, local authorities (county and district), Fire and Rescue Authority, Probation Trusts and the local Integrated Care Board.)

On behalf of the Solicitor to the Council

Environment:

Please identify (if applicable) how this proposal/report will help the Authority meet its carbon neutral target or enhance the environment.

Details: The Committee considers climate change and carbon reduction as part of its core remit. With reference to Bolsover CSP, Members will consider the impact of environmental damage as a result of crime and anti-social behaviour.

Staffing: Yes No

Details:

None from this report.

On behalf of the Head of Paid Service

DECISION INFORMATION

<p>Is the decision a Key Decision? A Key Decision is an executive decision which has a significant impact on two or more District wards or which results in income or expenditure to the Council above the following thresholds:</p> <p>Revenue - £75,000 <input type="checkbox"/> Capital - £150,000 <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <i>Please indicate which threshold applies</i></p>	No
<p>Is the decision subject to Call-In? <i>(Only Key Decisions are subject to Call-In)</i></p>	No

<p>District Wards Significantly Affected</p>	All
<p>Consultation: Leader / Deputy Leader <input type="checkbox"/> Executive <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SLT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Relevant Service Manager <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Members <input type="checkbox"/> Public <input type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="checkbox"/></p>	Details:

<p>Links to Council Ambition: Customers, Economy and Environment.</p>
<p>Ambition: Environment</p> <p>Priority: Working with partners to reduce crime and anti-social behaviour</p>

DOCUMENT INFORMATION	
Appendix No	Title
1	CSP Background and current delivery
2	Bolsover CSP Plan

<p>Background Papers <i>(These are unpublished works which have been relied on to a material extent when preparing the report. They must be listed in the section below. If the report is going to Executive you must provide copies of the background papers).</i></p> <p>Please contact the Scrutiny Officer for additional detail.</p>

**Bolsover Community Safety
Partnership**



Mission Statement

The Partnership will:

***Work together to reduce crime and disorder and
improve the quality of life for you and your
Community.***



Background – Why Do We have a Partnership

- Community Safety Partnership's (CSP) were introduced by Section 6 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998, amended by the Police and Justice Act
- **CSP'S** are a Statutory Responsibility.
- The Main Role of the CSP is to bring key agencies together to deliver multi-agency solutions to local problems by pooling resources and experience.
- Note: There are over 300 Active CSP's across England and Wales.



Statutory Organisations

The CSP consists of several Relevant **Statutory Organisations**:

- Bolsover District Council
- Derbyshire Police
- Derbyshire County Council
- Derbyshire Fire and Rescue Service
- Probation Services
- Derby and Derbyshire Clinical Commissioning Group

Note: Additional Partners consist of Commissioned Services, Community Action Groups and the Active Voluntary Sector .



Bolsover CSP Strategic Group

Chair : **Cllr Clive Moesby**

Vice : CEO Karen Hanson

The CSP Strategic Group control, manage and define the overall Strategic Direction of the CSP.

The Strategic Group closely monitors the Partnership Plan, Funding and the work of priority Theme groups.

Bolsover CSP Strategic Chair attends and reports into the Derbyshire Safer Communities Board.



Bolsover CSP Plan & Priorities

Bolsover CSP has a three-year Partnership Plan. The current plan covers the period 2023 – 2026.

The Strategic Three-Year Plan and relevant Action Plan are developed from the findings of a Joint Strategic Intelligence Assessment. (JSIA completed by the Partnership Analyst)

The Strategic Plan / Action Plan - address current local priorities and considers where practicable the New Police and Crime Plan for Derbyshire Constabulary.



PCC New Priorities (Police Crime Plan 2022 – 2025)

- Strong Local Policing
- Neighbourhood Crime & Anti-Social Behaviour
- Road Safety
- Rural Crime
- Victim Support & Safeguarding
- Driving Efficiencies



CSP Plan Priorities 2023 – 2026

- Reducing and Managing ASB & Criminal Damage
- Reducing Domestic Abuse, Violent Crime and Sexual Offences
- Prevent (Counter Terrorism)
- Reducing and Preventing Acquisitive Crime (Vehicle Crime)
- Reducing Alcohol and Substance Misuse
- Reducing Risk of Child Exploitation

- **Note:** One Cross Cutting Theme : Building and Cohesive Communities.



Bolsover Community Safety Partnership

The CSP work closely with the Office of the Police and Crime Commissioners. (OPCC)

The OPCC's office financially supports the CSP with a grant of £25,000. (Grant reviewed each year)

The grant is currently approved and used to support the following within Bolsover District:

- Youth Diversionary Activities
- Crime Prevention
- Safeguarding
- Contingency for Emerging Risk and Threat e.g. Domestic Abuse, Terrorism, Mental Health Provision.



What Have We Achieved - Summary

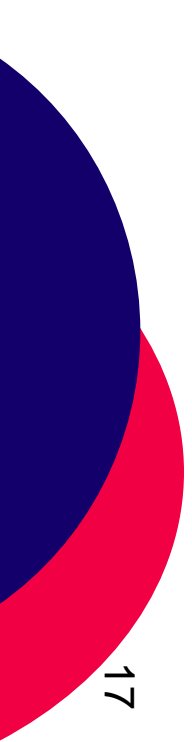
Diversions Activities Period 2023 /2024

- Extreme Wheels Programme throughout District – Outside and Inside Activities plus Youth Outreach Provision during COVID-19 Lockdown (ongoing)
- Football Projects Evenings and Weekends district wide (ongoing) supported by Shirebrook Town Council
- Oz Box Sessions throughout the District.
- Supported Community Rail Partnership Programme reducing Crime and ASB along Robin Hood Line. (ongoing)

What Have We Achieved - Cont.

Crime Prevention

- District Safe and Secure Scheme currently growing in demand for service. Target Hardening Equipment.
- Distributed Cycle Security and Safety Devices throughout District addressing Crime plus Road Safety
- Purchased Wildlife CCTV Cameras addressing rural crime, enviro crime (fly tipping, deliberate fires etc.)
- Purchased bespoke CCTV cameras for Domestic Abuse Cases



-
- Introduced District Community Speed Watch Schemes
 - Supported Road Safety Initiatives in Primary and Secondary Schools
 - Funded CCTV on new District Mobile Vehicle
 - Developed Burglary Project – Tea Leaf Kieth
 - Developed Domestic Abuse Project



Partnership Team – Bolsover CSP

- Mark Seston – CSO
Email: mark.seston@bolsover.gov.uk
- Carolyn Bowen – Ass / CSO
Email: Carolyn.bowen@Bolsover.gov.uk

Any Questions



Bolsover Community Safety Partnership Plan 2023 - 2026

Working together to reduce crime and disorder and improve the quality of life for you and your community.

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Foreword

by Councillor Mary Dooley
*Portfolio Holder for Community
Safety and Partnership Chair*

**Welcome to the Bolsover Community
Safety Partnership Plan covering the three
years 2023 to 2026.**

This plan sets out how Bolsover District Council, Derbyshire Constabulary, Derbyshire County Council, Probation Services, Derbyshire Fire and Rescue Service, Derby and Derbyshire Clinical Commissioning Group together with voluntary and community sectors will work together with the communities of Bolsover district to reduce crime, disorder, anti-social behaviour, substance misuse and re-offending in order to keep Bolsover district a safe place to live, work and visit.

The Plan aims to reduce the number of crimes and anti-social behaviour in the district, but in some categories, it aims to increase the number of reports where historically victims have not felt confident enough to report it to us. By increasing reporting we will then be able to offer support to those victims and take appropriate action against the perpetrators.

Crime and disorder impacts not only the victims but also on the quality of life of the wider community so we understand how important it is for you that we address it in a timely, efficient and effective way.

We are confident that this Plan not only addresses the priorities that have been identified through our analysis of evidential information and performance but also the concerns of the people of Bolsover district.



We recognise that as a Partnership we have a duty and responsibility to continue to tackle crime and disorder which affect the safety and wellbeing of everyone who lives, works or visits our district.

The last few years have been very challenging for everyone hopefully over the period of this plan further improvements will be made.

As a consequence of the Covid-19 pandemic, there are lots of ways it has changed situations for people. During the lockdown periods, vulnerable people may not have had so many opportunities to be seen, identified or supported by protection or supporting services. This is the same for children who witness domestic abuse and can only access support when the schools are open.

However, with more people being at home, less people are going out to the restaurants/pubs and with less travel in general, this has given less opportunity for acquisitive crime which has seen a reduction across the county. Our continued aim is to work together promoting community safety, protecting the vulnerable and making Bolsover district a safer place for everyone to live and work.

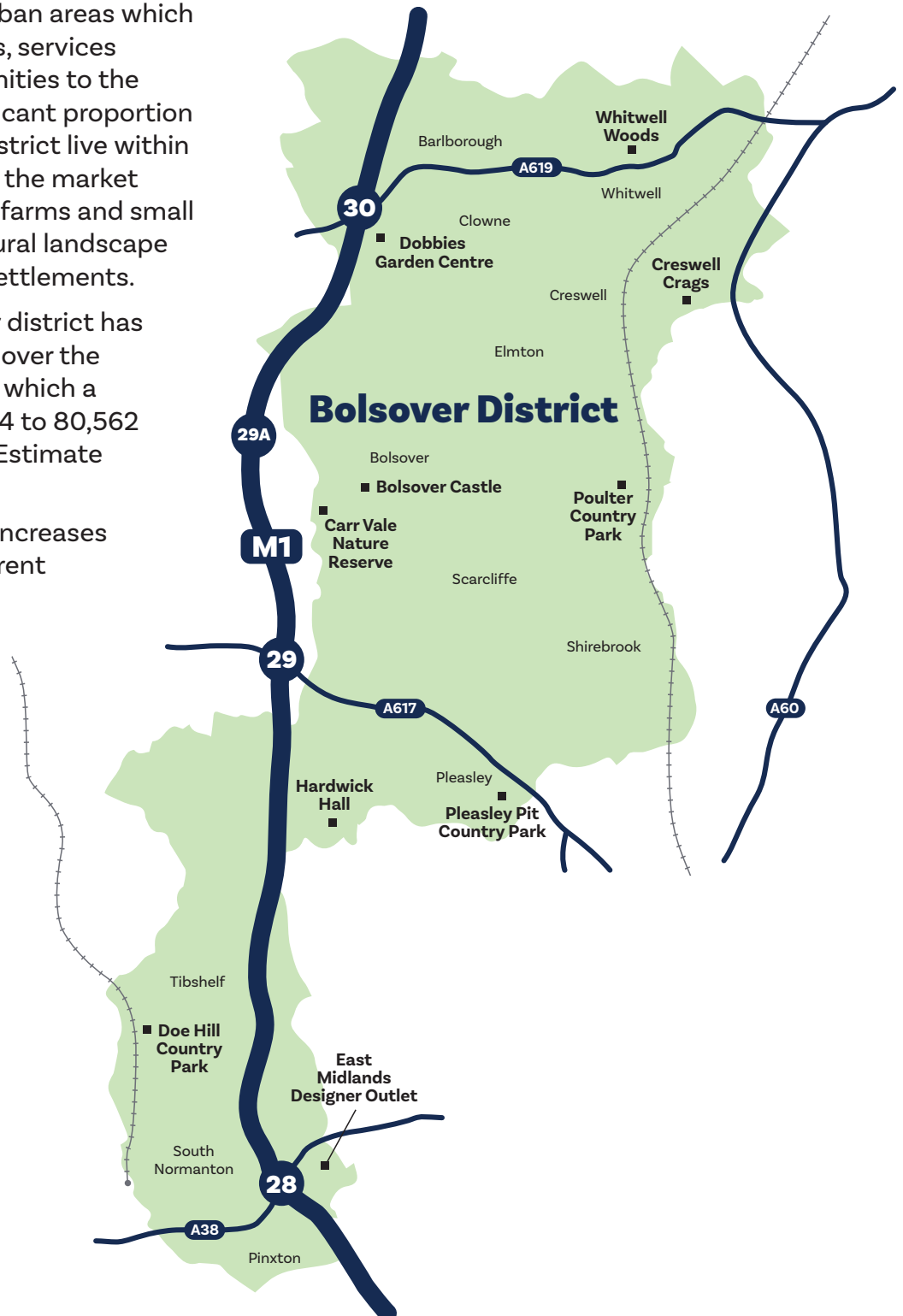
Bolsover District

Bolsover District is situated to the east of Derbyshire with its borders on the Peak District and Sherwood Forest. Bolsover town has a significant amount of historical importance with the main tourist attraction being its 17th century castle built by the Cavendish family and visited by thousands of people each year. The M1 Motorway runs through the district providing a transport connection to the rest of the country.

The district has four medium sized towns; Bolsover, Shirebrook, Clowne and South Normanton. These towns are part of urban areas which provide a range of facilities, services and employment opportunities to the surrounding areas. A significant proportion of the population of the district live within the 4 main towns. Outside the market towns there are scattered farms and small villages in a mostly open rural landscape punctuated by compact settlements.

The population in Bolsover district has seen an increase by 4.31% over the 5 years from 2014 to 2019, which a population of 77,231 in 2014 to 80,562 in 2019. [Source: Mid-Year Estimate (ONS) 2019].

The district has also seen increases in new businesses and current businesses expanding which will consequentially result in high numbers of people travelling for work, who may not necessarily live in the district but travel from outside of the district.



Bolsover Community Safety Partnership

The Community Safety Partnership (CSP) was formed under the Crime & Disorder Act 1998, amended by the Police & Justice Act 2006. This places a statutory duty on partners to work together to reduce crime and disorder in their area. The Partnership is made up of the following statutory organisations:

- Bolsover District Council
- Derbyshire Police
- Derbyshire County Council
- Derbyshire Fire and Rescue Service
- Probation Services
- Derby and Derbyshire Integrated Care Board

Additional discretionary Partners include commissioned service providers, community groups and the voluntary sector.

The CSP Strategic Group agrees and manages the strategic direction of the Community Safety Partnership. It agrees and oversees the funding plans of the partnership and monitors performance against its priorities. The Community Safety Partnership is accountable to the Derbyshire Safer Communities Board.

The CSP Action Groups are groups that deliver thematic outcomes. The groups operate by sharing knowledge, expertise and information in order to understand and address problems and drive the activity identified in their respective action plans. Their operational role is to make tactical resourcing decisions regarding emerging trends and related community safety issues in line with the partnership's priorities.



Bolsover Community Safety Partnership Structure



Levels of Recorded Crime

All Crime

Recorded crime in Bolsover District saw a 2.8% decrease on all crime. There was an overall reduction of 173 crimes when compared to the previous 12 months.

During the last 12 month period, the district saw increases in Violence without Injury, Burglary (Business and Community) and All Other Theft Offences. In the same time period the district saw the largest volume decrease in the following offences Shoplifting, Vehicle Interference and Criminal Damage.

Anti-Social Behaviour (ASB)

Recorded anti-social behaviour (ASB) incidents have seen a 14% decrease in calls for service.

This equates to an overall decrease of 308 calls when compared to the previous 12 month period.

ASB calls for service over the past twelve months have been the highest in Shirebrook, Bolsover / Shuttlewood and South Normanton / Pinxton.

During the past twelve months we have received a small number of Community Trigger Reviews. Further details can be found on Bolsover Council Website under Community Safety Services.



Deliberate Fires

Bolsover District saw an increase in reported deliberate fires over the past twelve months. There was an increase of 13 reports from the previous year. Taking into consideration the extremely hot and unprecedented summer of 2022 this slight increase was expected.

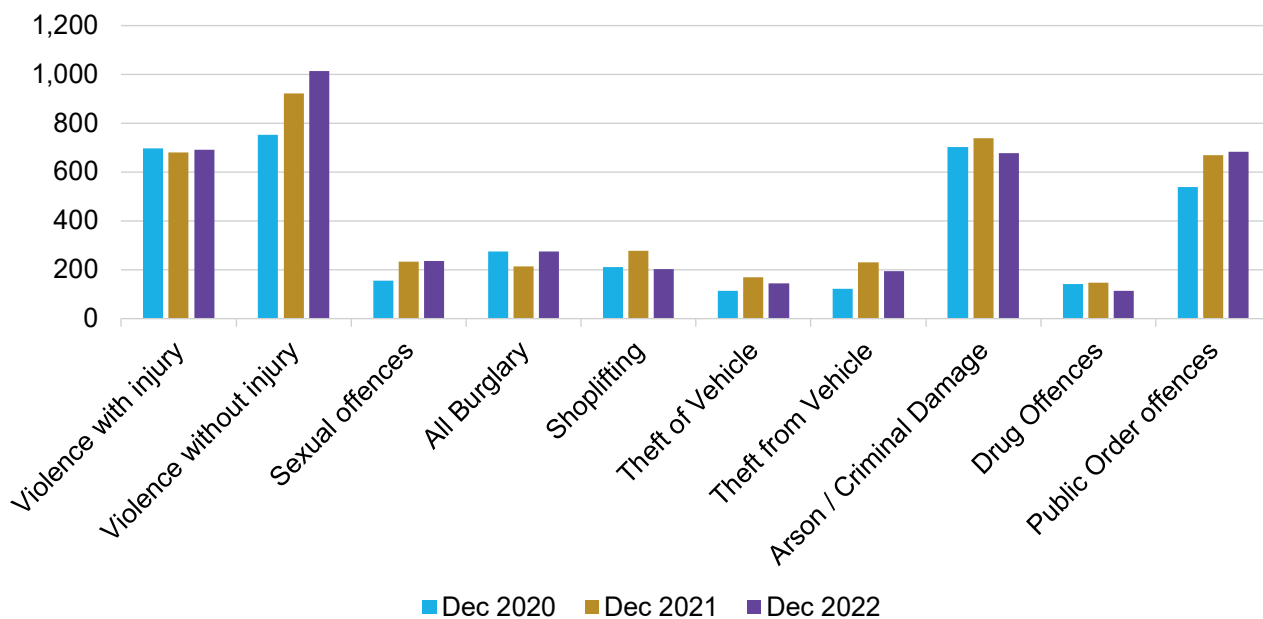
January 2021 - December 2021= 151

January 2022 - December 2022 = 164

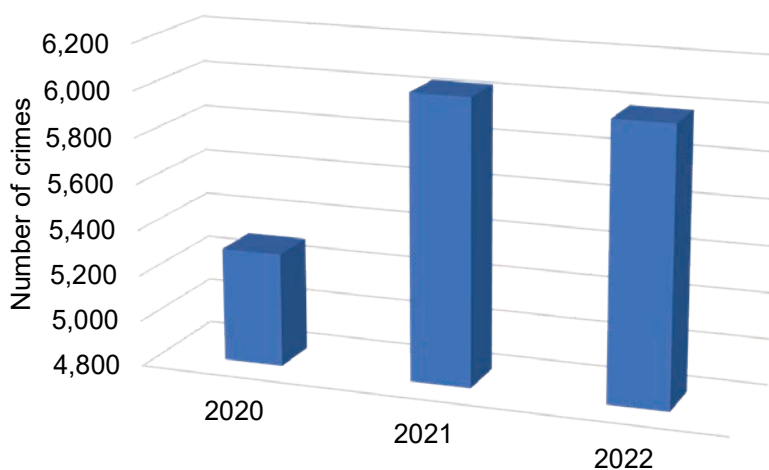


Recorded crime over the past 3 years

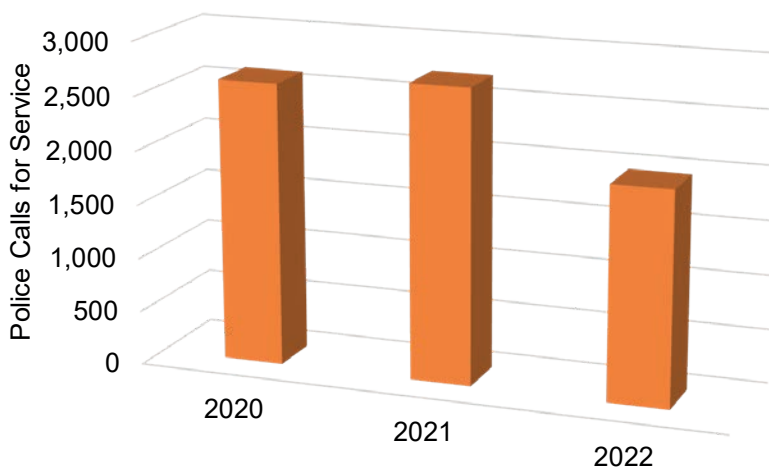
Crime types comparison
12 months to December



Total crime in Bolsover district
12 months to December

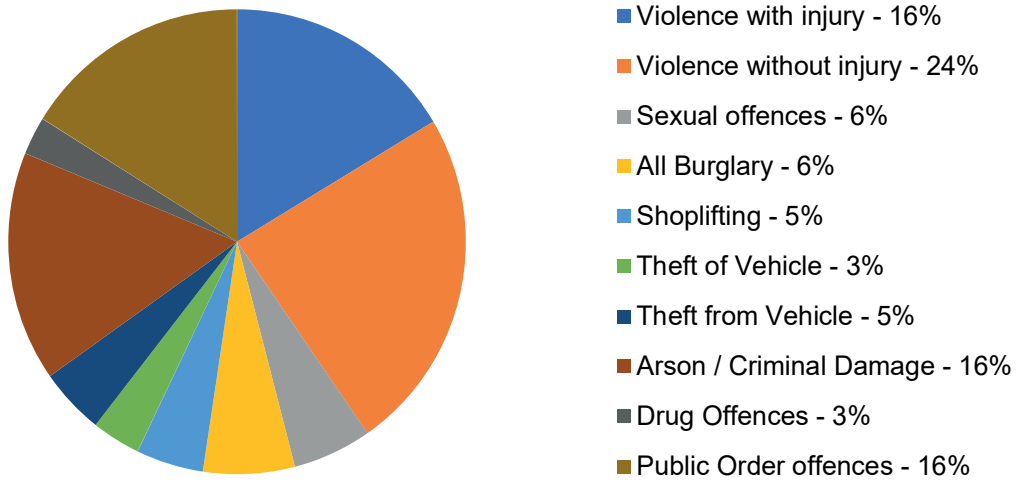


Anti-Social Behaviour
12 months to December

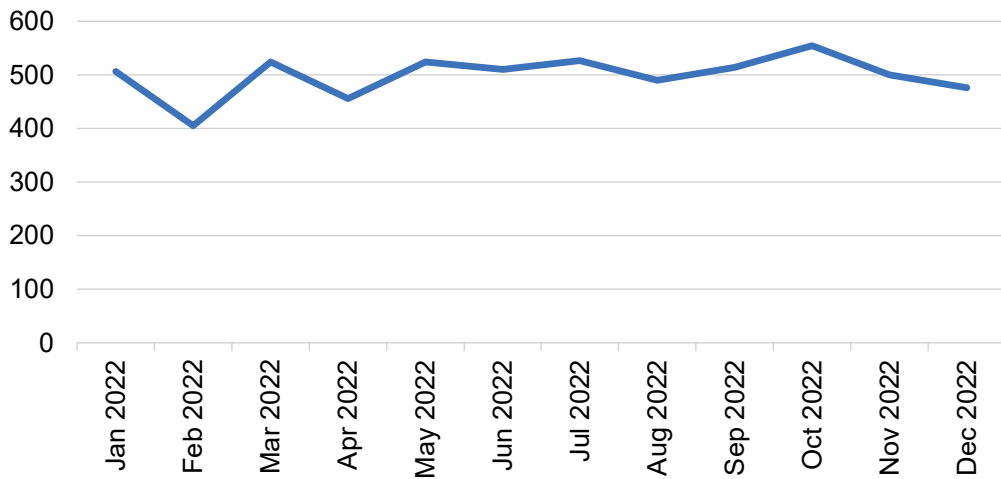


Where we are now

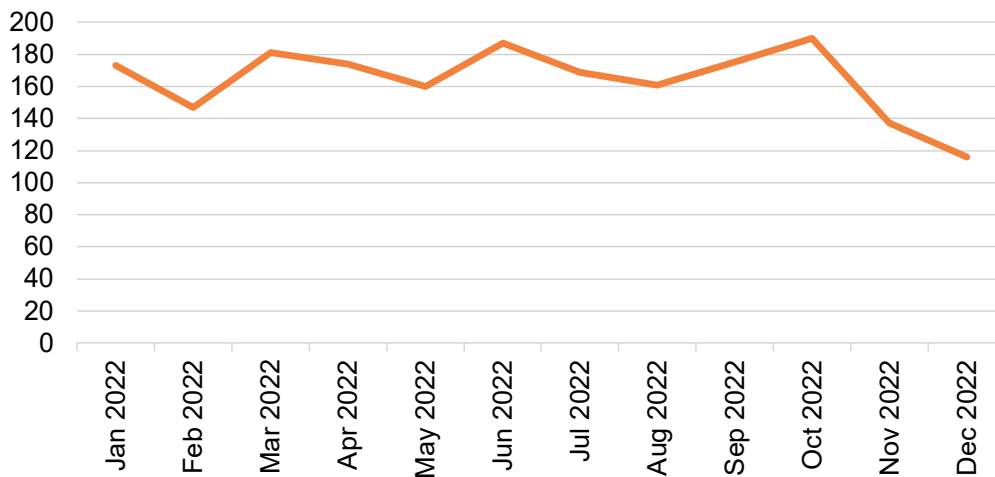
Types of crime in 2022



Recorded total crimes in 2022



Anti-Social Behaviour 2022



Derbyshire Safer Communities Board

Joint Strategic Risk Assessment

Since the last agreement there have been many changes both locally and nationally, but effective partnership working remains vital to the ongoing success in tackling crime, anti-social behaviour and substance misuse across Derbyshire.

For a number of years the Derbyshire Safer Communities Board has been at the heart of these partnership arrangements. But this is not without its challenges, significant pressures on public sector funding is affecting all Responsible Authorities, in addition the need to be respond to a number of new and emerging strategic responsibilities provide a real impetus to work in a more focused and smarter way.

Over the last couple of years, the Board has worked hard to ensure it has the right structure to be responsive and meet these challenges.

The Board has identified its priorities through a joint strategic threat and risk assessment.

An annual risk and threat assessment is carried out by Derbyshire Constabulary jointly with its community safety partners.

Priorities

There are a number of **long standing priorities**, which the Board will continue to support. These are priorities for which there is a strong structure in place to oversee delivery and to identify and address gaps in provision. It is acknowledged that investment in these priorities needs to be maintained in order to ensure performance is sustained and identified areas for development are progressed. These are;

- Domestic Abuse and Sexual Violence
- Anti-Social Behaviour
- Modern Slavery
- Prevent (Counter Terrorism)
- Hate Crime
- In addition to these a two development priorities have been identified. These are;
- Organised Crime, including County Lines
- Serious Violence

It needs to be acknowledged that in relation to the **developmental priorities**, the Board needs to focus on the aspects of their delivery which fall within its remit. To that end, it will be critical that the Board works with the other Strategic Boards to ensure a comprehensive response is achieved.

In delivery of the priorities outlined above, there should be specific focus on;

- Prevention and Early Intervention
- Data and Information Sharing

Bolsover Community Safety Partnership Priorities

The Partnership Plan must set out priorities to reduce crime and disorder in the area. This current Plan covers a 3 year period to 2026, and this is the refreshed version.

To inform this Plan a comprehensive strategic assessment was completed which has provided us with an analysis of community safety issues within the district together with previous performance.

We consulted on the findings of the assessment with all our partners to ensure we have correctly captured and analysed the problems in the district. We work closely with the Office of the Police and Crime Commissioner (Angelique Foster) and were possible link our local priorities to her overall Strategic Aim of Protecting Communities and Fighting Crime.

We have were possible linked aims and objectives together to reflect joint priorities so we can utilise joint resources and expertise more effectively and thus work together to reduce the fear of crime and disorder and increase community safety within our communities.

This Plan brings together our vision, aims and priorities for making Bolsover District a safer place to live, work and play.

Bolsover Community Safety Partnership has a statutory responsibility in relation to Modern Slavery, Domestic Homicide Reviews and Serious Violence which will influence its work throughout the duration of this plan.



Bolsover Community Safety Partnership has identified the following local priorities which will be its focus for the period 2023-2026.

Bolsover Community Safety Partnership local priorities 2023-2026

1.

Reducing and managing Anti-Social Behaviour and Criminal Damage

2.

Reducing Domestic Abuse and Violent Crime & Sexual Offences

3.

Prevent (Counter Terrorism)

4.

Reducing and Preventing Acquisitive Crime Especially Vehicle Crime

5.

Reducing Alcohol and Substance Misuse

6.

Reducing the risk of Child Exploitation (CRE)

Cross Cutting Theme: Building Confident and Cohesive Communities



PCC

- Strong Local Policing
- Neighbourhood Crime & ASB
- Road Safety
- Rural Crime
- Victim & Safeguarding
- Driving Efficiencies

Derbyshire Police Current Priorities

- Vulnerability
- Fighting Crime
- Our People
- Prevention and Partnerships
- Response and Visibility
- Public Service
- Trust and Legitimacy



Bolsover Community Safety Partnership Action Plan 2023-2026

Anti-Social Behaviour

CSP Overarching Priority: 1. Reducing and managing Anti-Social Behaviour and Criminal Damage

CSP Cross-cutting Priority: Building Confident and Cohesive Communities

Priority: Anti-Social Behaviour

OBJECTIVE	ACTION	LEAD	OUTCOMES 2023-2024
Increase awareness in the community regarding what anti-social behaviour is and how to report it	Produce and distribute appropriate leaflets/ information in a variety of formats through community engagement awareness events throughout the year focusing on criminal damage and anti-social behaviour	CSPs/Police/ BDC	
Provide targeted activities for young people in hotspot areas particularly those identified as being at risk of entering the Criminal Justice System	Implement a programme of diversionary activities for young people	CSPs	
	Deliver parenting programmes as part of the range of preventative services across the district	Parenting Practitioner	
Provide consistent multi-agency approach to the identification and support of vulnerable and repeat victims of ASB	Continue to implement the Victims First case management ECINs system for victims and offenders and refer victims of ASB to Victim Services	All agencies	
	Utilise CCTV to deter, detect and gather evidence	CSPs/ Police/ BDC	

OBJECTIVE	ACTION	LEAD	OUTCOMES 2023-2024
Targeted enforcement activity to tackle anti-social behaviour	Continue to enforce current Public Spaces Protection Orders (PSPOs) in designated areas within the district.	CSPs/ Police/ BDC	
Monitor deliberate fires/ derelict buildings with series of site visits and multi-agency monitoring and tasking meetings	Implement specific multi-agency operations to address hot spot areas of deliberate fires	DFRS	

Acquisitive Crime

CSP Overarching Priority: 4. Reducing and Preventing Acquisitive Crime

CSP Cross-cutting Priority: Building Confident and Cohesive Communities

Priority: Acquisitive Crime

OBJECTIVE	ACTION	LEAD	OUTCOMES 2023-2024
34 Assist in the reduction/ prevention of incidents of acquisitive crime within the district	Promote personal and property security by raising awareness of preventative methods and where appropriate distribute crime prevention/target hardening equipment	CSPs	
	Identify and refer high risk vulnerable people to the 'CAN Assist' scheme	CSPs/BDC	
	Manage and monitor repeat offenders on the Integrated Offender Management programme	CSPs/BDC/ Police	
	Promote and develop new Neighbourhood Watch Schemes.	NHW	
	Develop initiatives and raise awareness of Vehicle Crime	CSPs/Police/ NHW	

Priority: Organised Crime

OBJECTIVE	ACTION	LEAD	OUTCOMES 2023-2024
Develop and strengthen existing information sharing links with partner agencies to identify and disrupt OCG activity	Attend local OCG Partnership Board meetings to implement disruption activity such as 'County Lines' through information sharing and tasking	CSPs/Police/ DCC/BDC/ DFRS	

Priority: Fraud

OBJECTIVE	ACTION	LEAD	OUTCOMES 2023-2024
Raise awareness of how to avoid becoming a victim of fraud	Encourage reporting via the 'Action Fraud' reporting centre	CSPs/Police/ DCC/BDC/NHW	
	Promote and refer victims to Derbyshire Scam Watch	CSPs/Police/ DCC/BDC/NHW	

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Priority: Rural Crime

OBJECTIVE	ACTION	LEAD	OUTCOMES 2023-2024
Assist in the reduction/ prevention of incidents of rural crime within the district	Promote property security by raising awareness of preventative methods	CSPs/NHW/ Police (Rural Crime Unit)	
	Develop initiatives to help raise awareness of wildlife crime	CSPs/NHW/ Police (Rural Crime Unit)	

Safeguarding

CSP Overarching Priorities:

- 2. Reducing Domestic Abuse and Violent Crime & Sexual Offences
- 3. Prevent (Counter Terrorism)

- 5. Reducing Alcohol and Substance Misuse
- 6. Reducing the risk of Children at Risk of Exploitation

CSP Cross-cutting Priority: Building Confident and Cohesive Communities

Priority: Domestic Violence

OBJECTIVE	ACTION	LEAD	OUTCOMES 2023-2024
36 Raise awareness within communities and partner agencies of available services	Provide IDVA support to victims and refer high risk cases to MARAC	IDVA/DV Officer	
	Provide and promote Outreach Service	IDVA/DV Officer/ CSP/ DCC/ Police	
	Refer high risk cases to the 'CAN' Assist scheme for target hardening equipment	IDVA/DV Officer	
	Implement the Freedom Programme to raise awareness about domestic abuse, improve self-esteem and confidence	IDVA/DV Officer	
	Assist in the delivery of the DV/SV Strategy and Delivery Plan via the NDDSAAG Action Plan	IDVA/DV Officer/ CSP/ DCC/ Police/ CCG	

Priority: Sexual Violence

OBJECTIVE	ACTION	LEAD	OUTCOMES 2023-2024
Encourage increased take up of sexual violence services by victims (link to NDDSAAG Action Plan)	Raise awareness within communities of available services and refer to Sexual Assault Referral Centre	DCC/CSP/ Police/ CCG	

Priority: Child at Risk of Exploitation

OBJECTIVE	ACTION	LEAD	OUTCOMES 2023-2024
Support county wide awareness raising campaigns to address Children at Risk of Exploitation	Attend local CRE meetings to support young people identified as being at risk of exploitation	CSP/ Police/ BDC/DCC	
	Support the Local Children's Partnership Annual Plan	CSP/ Police/ BDC/DCC	
	Raise awareness of young people and parents to the dangers of online grooming sexting and cyber bullying.	CSP/ Police/ BDC/DCC	
	Use of disruption work by ASB team, Trading Standards, Police etc.	All agencies	
	Use of youth provision to divert and protect young people at risk of CRE.	All agencies	

Priority: Cyber Crime

OBJECTIVE	ACTION	LEAD	OUTCOMES 2023-2024
Raise awareness within the community of what cybercrime is and what steps to take to avoid becoming a victim	Promote responsible use of internet and raise awareness of available support, e.g. 'Get Safe Online' and 'Take Five' campaigns and work together to deliver the Derby and Derbyshire Cybercrime and Online Safety Action Plan.	CSP/ Police/ BDC/DCC	
	Raise awareness of specific on-line financial scams to those vulnerable to becoming a victim via engagement events, partners' websites, social media pages etc.	CSP/ Police/ BDC/DCC	

Priority: Counter Terrorism and Extremism

OBJECTIVE	ACTION	LEAD	OUTCOMES 2023-2024
Raise awareness of the importance of reporting concerns or suspicious activity relating to terrorism or radicalisation	Support the Channel Programme by raising awareness of the Prevent strand of the CONTEST Counter-Terrorism Strategy and support the 'Action Against Hate' - Derby and Derbyshire plan for tackling hate crime.	All agencies	

Priority: Modern Slavery (OICHTE)

OBJECTIVE	ACTION	LEAD	OUTCOMES 2023-2024
Improve public awareness of the signs of modern slavery	Support Derby and Derbyshire Modern Slavery Partnership by working to identify those vulnerable to Modern Slavery and OICHTE and once identified refer into appropriate Safeguarding processes.	All agencies	

Priority: Substance Misuse

OBJECTIVE	ACTION	LEAD	OUTCOMES 2023-2024
Assist in the delivery of the Substance Misuse Strategic Action Plan	Ensure CSP funded diversionary activities are targeted in areas where evidence suggests there is a higher prevalence of young people's substance misuse.	CSP	
	Identify vulnerable or at risk groups in order to deliver evidence-based appropriate universal and targeted prevention/harm minimisation activity.	CSP/DCC/ BDC/ Police	
	Raise awareness of the dangers of substance abuse together with available services.	CSP/DCC/ Police	
	Execution of drugs warrants together with enforcement of Misuse of Drugs Act 1971.	Police	
Address problems associated with underage drinking	Continue multi-agency test purchase operations.	Trading Standards	
Improve use of licensing powers	Identify pubs and off licenses that are causing problems and implement multi-agency intervention	CSP/DCC/ BDC/ Police	

We will measure and monitor whether our actions are achieving our priorities by the following outcomes:

Anti-Social Behaviour and Criminal Damage

1. Reduction in the number of anti-social behaviour incidents.
2. Reduction in the number of recorded criminal damage offences.
3. Number of diversionary activities to engage young people and direct them away from anti-social behaviour.
4. Reduction in the number of offences of arson (deliberate fires).
5. An increase in successful, community based resolutions of anti-social behaviour.

Domestic Abuse

1. Increased reporting of domestic abuse.
2. Reduced number of repeat cases of domestic abuse heard at the Multi-Agency Risk Assessment Conference (MARAC).
3. Increase in referrals of victims of domestic violence to the appropriate agencies.
4. Increase in the number of 'victims' supported by the Independent domestic Advocacy Service.
5. Number of domestic abuse awareness raising initiatives.

Violent Crime & Sexual Offences

1. Reduction in offences of violence with injury.
2. Reduction in offences of violence without injury.
3. Increased reporting of sexual abuse

Acquisitive Crime

1. Reduced burglary offences.
2. Fewer people who think that crime is a problem in their area.
3. Number of enforcement/prevention initiatives to tackle burglary offences.
4. Reduced vehicle crime offences.
5. Reduced shoplifting offences.

Alcohol and Substance Misuse

1. Increased awareness of the dangers of substance abuse together with available services.
2. Number of enforcement/prevention initiatives to tackle underage drinking.
3. Targeted diversionary activities in areas where there is evidence of a higher prevalence of young people's substance misuse.

Children at Risk of Exploitation

1. Number of enforcement/disruption activities of people and premises
2. Increased awareness of CRE and improved information sharing pathways.

Confident and Cohesive Communities (Cross Cutting Theme)

1. Increased reporting of hate crime.
2. Increased awareness of the impacts of the work of the Bolsover Community Safety Partnership.

Links to other strategies

The Bolsover Community Safety Partnership Plan 2023-2026 links with and complements the following strategies, action plans and policies:

- Derbyshire County Community Safety Agreement
- Derbyshire Police and Crime Commissioners Policing Plan
- Prevent Strategy
- Serious Violence Strategy
- Derby & Derbyshire Domestic Abuse and Sexual Violence Strategy
- Bolsover District Council Anti-Social Behaviour Policy
- Bolsover Sustainable Community Strategy
- Locality Public Health Plan - A Healthy Bolsover
- Derbyshire Substance Misuse Strategic Action Plan
- Derby & Derbyshire Action Against Hate Action Plan
- Derbyshire Safeguarding Board Local Children's Partnership Action Plan
- Derby & Derbyshire Cybercrime and Online Safety Action Plan



Definitions

Acquisitive Crime

Acquisitive crime is defined as: crimes of robbery of business property; robbery of personal property; burglary in a dwelling; burglary in a building other than a dwelling; theft of vehicle; theft from vehicle; interfere with vehicle; theft from the person; bicycle theft; shoplifting; and all other theft offences. Although some types of fraud can be a type of acquisitive crime, all types of fraud are included within the definition of economic crime and are excluded from acquisitive crime.

Anti-Social Behaviour

Under the Anti-Social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014, anti-social behaviour is defined as:

- "conduct that has caused, or is likely to cause, harassment, alarm or distress to any person;
- conduct capable of causing nuisance or annoyance to a person in relation to that person's occupation of residential premises; or
- conduct capable of causing housing-related nuisance or annoyance to any person".
- Examples of anti-social behaviour include:
 - Verbal Abuse,
 - Graffiti and vandalism,
 - Noise nuisance,
 - Alcohol and drug related disorder,
 - Vehicle related nuisance,
- Threatening or intimidating behaviour by individuals or groups.

Cyber Crime

Cyber-crime is defined as: those crimes committed, in full or in part, through a computer, computer network or other computer enabled device (e.g. a smart phone, tablet device, or gaming device). They can be either:

- Cyber-dependent crimes – those that can only be committed using computers, computer networks or other forms of information communication

technology, including the creation and spread of malware, hacking to steal personal or industry data, and denial of service attacks.

- Cyber-enabled crimes - those where the online environment is used in the commission of the offence.

Domestic Violence and Abuse

Domestic violence and abuse is defined as: any incident or pattern of incidents of controlling, coercive or threatening behaviour, violence or abuse between those aged 16 or over who are or have been intimate partners or family members regardless of gender or sexuality.

The abuse can encompass, but is not limited to: psychological; physical; sexual; financial; emotional.

Controlling behaviour is a range of acts designed to make a person subordinate and/or dependent by isolating them from sources of support, exploiting their resources and capacities for personal gain, depriving them of the means needed for independence, resistance and escape and regulating their everyday behaviour.

Coercive behaviour is an act or a pattern of acts of assault, threats, humiliation and intimidation or other abuse that is used to harm, punish, or frighten their victim.

Economic Crime

Economic crime is defined as: any non-violent crimes that result in a financial loss, with the exception of those included in the definition of acquisitive crime. These crimes thus comprise a broad range of illegal activities, including bribery, corruption, counterfeit currency, fraud, money laundering, and tax evasion.

Killed and Serious Injury Road Collisions

Killed and serious injury road collisions are defined as: collisions where any casualty sustains injuries which are classed as either fatal; life threatening (where there is a high

probability of death); life changing (where there is a high probability that the injured party will not recover sufficiently to lead an independent life); or serious (where the injury is less than life changing but amounts to a s20 Grievous Bodily Harm injury).

Modern Slavery

Modern slavery is defined as: a complex crime that encompasses slavery, servitude, forced and compulsory labour and human trafficking. Traffickers and slave drivers (often Organised Crime Groups) coerce, deceive and force individuals against their will into a life of abuse, servitude and inhumane treatment.

Offender Management

Offender management is defined as: the integrated offender management (IOM) scheme, which targets offenders of most concern to their communities. The scheme uses pooled, local resources to turn offenders away from crime, supporting them to find employment and somewhere to live, and punishing and reforming them as appropriate.

Organised Crime Groups

Organised crime groups are defined as: groups of two or more people who engage in continuing serious organised criminality. Their motivation is often, but not always, financial gain.

Safeguarding Adults

Safeguarding adults is defined as: protecting an adult who has needs for care and support, and is experiencing, or is at risk of abuse or neglect, and as a result of their care and support needs is unable to protect themselves from either the risk of, or the experience of abuse or neglect.

An adult is a person who is 18 years of age or older.

Hate crime is defined as: any incident which constitutes a criminal offence, perceived by the victim or another person as being motivated by prejudice, hate or intolerance on the grounds of disability, ethnicity, gender identity, religion, sexual orientation, or alternative sub-culture.

Safeguarding Children

Safeguarding children is defined as: the process of protecting children from abuse or neglect, preventing impairment of their health and development, and ensuring they are growing up in circumstances consistent with the provision of safe and effective care that enables children to have optimum life chances and enter adulthood successfully. A child is a person who is under the age of 18 years.

Child abuse is defined as: any form of maltreatment of a child. This can be physical, sexual or emotional abuse and / or neglect.

Child sexual abuse is a form of child abuse and is defined as: forcing or enticing a child or young person to take part in sexual activities, whether or not the child is aware of what is happening.

Children at Risk of Exploitation (CRE). Exploitation occurs where an individual or group takes advantage of an imbalance of power to coerce, manipulate or deceive a child into sexual or criminal activity; (a) in exchange for something the victim needs or wants, and/or (b) for the financial advantage or increased status of the offender or facilitator. The victim may have been sexually or criminally exploited even if the activity appears consensual. Child exploitation does not always involve physical contact; it can also occur through the use of technology.

Sexual Violence

Sexual violence is defined as: any behaviour perceived to be of a sexual nature which is unwanted and takes place without consent or understanding.

Section 74 of the Sexual Offences Act 2003 defines consent as: if he agrees by choice, and has the freedom and capacity to make that choice.

Child sexual exploitation is dealt with under the Safeguarding Children topic, as the majority of cases relate to indecent images of children which are not counted under the sexual offences crime category.

Substance Misuse

Substance misuse is defined as: the short-term and long-term damage to health associated with the consumption of alcohol and / or illicit drugs (i.e. substances that affect bodily functions which are controlled by legislation) and the resulting damage in the form of crime and disorder arising from the consumption of alcohol and the production, trade and use of illicit drugs.

Terrorism and Domestic Extremism

Terrorism is defined as: the unlawful use or threatened use of force or violence against individuals or property in an attempt

to coerce or intimidate governments, organisations or the public to achieve political, religious, racial or ideological objectives.

Domestic extremism is defined as: the activity carried out by individuals or campaign groups who carry out criminal acts of direct action in furtherance of a campaign.

These people usually seek to prevent something from happening or to change legislation or domestic policy, but attempt to do so outside of the normal democratic process.



Glossary

Acquisitive Crime - a term used to describe crime where items are stolen or acquired fraudulently

- **ACT** – Action Counters Terrorism
- **ASB** – Anti-Social Behaviour - The definition of anti-social behaviour under the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 is that it is ‘behaviour likely to cause alarm, harassment or distress to members of the public not of the same household as the perpetrator’
- **BDC** – Bolsover District Council
- **CCGs** – Derby and Derbyshire Clinical Commissioning Group
- **CCTV** – Closed Circuit Television
- **CRE** - Children at Risk of Exploitation
- **CSP** – Community Safety Partnership
- **DCC** – Derbyshire County Council
- **DFRS** – Derbyshire Fire and Rescue Service
- **DA** – Domestic Abuse
- **DV/SV** – Domestic Violence / Sexual Violence
- **ECINs** – Empowering Communities Inclusion Neighbourhood Management System
- **IDVA** – Independent Domestic Violence Advocate
- **IOM** – Integrated Offender Management
- **ISVA** – Independent Sexual Violence Advocate
- **MARAC** – Multi Agency Risk Assessment Conferences
- **NDDSAAG** – North Derbyshire Domestic and Sexual Abuse Action Group
- **NW** – Neighbourhood Watch
- **OCG** – Organised Crime Groups
- **OICHTE** – Organised Immigration Crime, Human Trafficking and Exploitation
- **PSPO** – Public Spaces Protection Order
- **SNT** – Safer Neighbourhood Teams
- **SV** – Sexual Violence
- **WRAP** – Workshop to Raise Awareness of Prevent

Equality and Diversity

In the production and implementation of this Plan and in all its work, Bolsover Community Safety Partnership has considered the equalities and diversity policies of partners and will give due regard to any unlawful discrimination and promote equality at all times.

Bolsover Community Safety Partnership

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Equalities Statement

Bolsover District Council is committed to equalities as an employer and when delivering the services it provides to all sections of the community.

The Council believes that no person should be treated unfairly and is committed to eliminating all forms of discrimination, advancing equality and fostering good relations between all groups in society.

Access for All statement

You can request this document or information in another format such as large print or language or contact us by:

- **Phone** - 01246 242424
- **Email** - enquiries@bolsover.gov.uk
- **BSL Video Call** - a three way video call with us and a BSL interpreter. It is free to call Bolsover District Council with Sign Solutions, you just need wifi or mobile data to make the video call, or call into one of our Contact Centres.
- **Call with Relay UK** via textphone or app on 0800 500 888 - a free phone service provided by BT for anyone who has difficulty hearing or speaking. It's a way to have a real time conversation with us by text.
- **Visiting one of our offices** at Clowne, Bolsover, Shirebrook and South Normanton.

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